JUST NOW

A retail advertisement, as important daily news, is a feature of modern merchandising developed in this business. Omit to read it and something is gone out of your life.

In the present state of the weather it is most interesting, perhaps, to speak of everything.

That is to say-

EVERY THING DISPLAYED.

AYRES & CO N. B.-Agents for Geisendorff's Flannels.

PIANOS

ORGANS ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS

Those desiring the very best in every respect should not fail to see our stock at this time before purchasing elsewhere. Square Pianos at bargains.

Pianos at \$25 cash and \$10 per month. Organs at \$10 cash and \$5 per month.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.

95, 97 and 99 N. Pennsylvania St. Pianos and Organs for rent cheaper than any place in the city.

Teler hone 500,

We have made a special exhibit in our rooms for visitors to the STATE FAIR this week. Everyone is cordially invited to spend an hour with us, Visitors al-

THE H. LIEBER COMPANY.

33 South Meridian street.

JEWISH

YEAR CARDS

THE BOWEN-MERRILL CO

9 & 11 West Washington St.

Do not confuse THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK with any other Company, of apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life," and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York authorized to use the word MU-TUAL in its title except The Mutual Life insurance Company of New York.

TUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF New York.

RICHARD A MCCUPDY

did not, as a rule, give satisfaction to the unions they represent.

President Strasser called Mr. G. W. Perkins, the first vice-president, of Albany, to make a few remarks. A general ripple of applause passed over the convention, but just here Ad Joblinowski, a member from Union 90, New York, jumped to his feet and called a point his point was that the president Add announced that he wished to make a few remarks. A general ripple of applause passed over the convention, but just here Ad Joblinowski, a member from Union 90, New York, jumped to his point was that the president Strasser called Mr. G. W. Perkins, the first vice-president, of Albany, to make a few remarks. A general ripple of applause passed over the convention, but just here Ad Joblinowski, a member from Union 90, New York, jumped to his point was that the president Strasser called Mr. G. W. Perkins, the first vice-president, of Albany, to make a few remarks. A general ripple of applause passed over the convention, but just here Ad Joblinowski, a member from Union 90, New York, jumped to his point was that the president Strasser called Mr. G. W. Perkins, the first vice-president, of Albany, to make a few remarks. A general ripple of applause passed over the convention, but just here Ad Joblinowski, a member from Union 90, New York, jumped to his point was that the president had no right to call another to the chair decided the point was permitted to proceed. He said that the term "popular vote" implies, viz.: that each

RICHARD A. MCCURDY, PRESIDENT. ROBERT A. GRANNISS,

VICE-PRESIDENT.

Carr, Newlin & Reed, Managers 664 North Pennsylvania St., INDIANAPOLIS, : : : : ; IND.

A Notable Insurance Meeting. This has been a week of important meetings, social, military and business. One of the most interesting, if not most important meetings, was the convention of the Indiana agents of the Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company. This company is one of the oldest and strongest of the companies doing business in the State. It came here in 1877, and from the first year took place in the front rank of companies in the matter of premium receipts and in the prompt payment of losses. It has paid to the people of the State since it came to the State over \$600,000 losses, and has now assets approaching \$2,000,000. It has done mainly a farm business, but is now doing mercantile

The agents of the company in Indiana some years ago formed an association, and they have from that time met in regular session each year, with a programme calling for views of leading members on the various phases of the insurance business. The association met this year Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, with headquar-ters at the Grand Hotel, with an attend-ance of near one hundred active men from the field. The programme was carried out to the letter, and all of the papers read, and the discussion elicited was of high charac-

Hon. James C. Johnson, who was at one time Speaker of the Ohio House of Representatives, is president of the company, and with two of the directors, J. H. Free-man and G. H. McDermott, and O. T. Wells, man and G. H. McDermott, and G. I. The secretary of the company, attended as the guests of the association. Mr. Johnson is a man of striking appearance, and, as an enton a few years ago, to which the President had reterred. The other officers were most warmly received, and the meeting was one of mutual pleasure as well as profit.

Mr. O. S. Wells was elected secretary of the company last year, upon the death of A. H. Hawley. He had been State agent for indiana for several years, and had had a thorough education in the office of the company. Taking the place of so accomplished an underwriter as Mr. Hawley was known to be, Mr. Wells had a most difficult task when called to the secretary's desk. The fact that the company has so steadily increased its assets, and the apparent fact of the enthusiastic devotion of the agents to him have shown that the board made no mistake in selecting him as secretary. Under his charge and the conservative guidance of the directors the company will that has marked its past history.

One of the pleasing leatures of the meeting was a reception, Tuesday evening. given the agents by C. W. Oakes, State wall be at Wabash

TO ELECT BY POPULAR VOTE

Big Unions Win a Strong Point in the Convention of Cigar-Makers.

Movement First Started by the Socialistic Section to Change the Method of Choosing Officers Finally Triumphs.

The convention of the Cigar-makers' International Union had a warm session yesterday. Toward the end of the morning session the question of electing the officers by popular vote instead of by the delegates was brought up and consumed the entire remainder of the forenoon meeting. After roll-call the first action taken by the convention was the seating of G. Albrecht, alternate from the unions at La Porte and Michigan City. The convention then resumed consideration of the pending session by delegate Schaible, with reference to the eligibility of members as delegates, who deposit their retiring cards three months prior to the election. The result of the action on the amendment when put to a vote was its defeat. A number of amendments were submitted upon the time of the election of delegates, all of which were referred back to the committee

on constitution The question of the change in the manner of the election of the officers brought out a little phase in the feeling of some of the delegates, that, to a stranger in the hali, would have foreboded internal trouble among the delegates, but which to those who have attended other conventions is only a usual happening. Reference is made to the limited opposition to the relection of President Strasser. The remarks that were made by a few of the speakers in the convention were decidely hostile to entertaining any such thing, but they were confined to the little socialistic circle of delegates in the southeast corner of the delegates in the southeast corner of the hall. The members of this section uniformly stick together, and when the entire remaining members of the convention vote "yes" on a question, a deep, sonorous, and emphatic "no" is bound to come from the emphatic "no" is bound to come from the little body to the left of the secretary's table. They are nearly all of foreign birth, and their leaders are Samuel Goldwater, of Detroit, and Fred Shater, of New York. An inquiry among many of the delegates brought out the general impression that the best and most influential members of the convention favor Mr. Strasser, and that if he wants it he can be re-elected without any dangerous opposition. Until the last convention his salary was only \$1,000 a year, but at that time it was increased to \$1,200. Though his duties are arduous one delegate referred to the position with the delegate referred to the position with the salary of \$25 a week attached as "a holy

SOCIALISTS MAKE A WARM FIGHT. The clouds which began to gather over the sky of the convention late in the morning darkened and came together in cumulus quantities shortly after the opening of the afternoon session. The question up was that of changing the manner of voting for the international officers from the present system—by delegates in convention assembled—to the choice by popular vote. The socialistic section stirred up the trouble through the amendment presented by their spokesman, Samuel Goldwater, which reads

as follows:

Amend Article II, Section 1, by striking out the whole rection and insert the following new section: Section 1. The election of officers of the C. M. I. U. and the delegates to the Amerithe C. M. I. U. and the delegates to the American Federation of Labor shall take place by a general vote of the members of the Cigar-makers' International Union every two years. A plurality shall constitute an election of any officer. The nominations for officers shall be made by the local unions in the month of August and must be forwarded to the office of the international union by the 15th of September. The convention shall designate a local union which shall conduct the election of the officers of the international union, the union so selected shall elect a committee of seven to perform the necessary committee of seven to perform the necessary work to carry on the election, the international president shall furnish said committee with the necessary material, such as voting blanks, etc. All expenses incurred through such an election shall be defrayed by the international union.

Goldwater made a long speech in favor of his amendment. The basis of his argument was that it was through the means of a popular vote only that the pulse and feeling of the members of the union cigar-makers of America can be registered. The election by delegates, he held, was more or less of a "buncombe," or "fixed-up" affair, and did not, as a rule, give satisfaction to the unions they represent.

and every one of the 25,000 members of the International Union of America vote on one day all over the two countries, such election to be conducted in a rigid and law-ful manner that hereafter might be decided, no one was more in favor of a popular vote than he. But he could see that the present demand from a certain element for the popular vote was simply to concentrate the power and put it in the hands of the few larger un ous with a large percentage of the total mem-bership, and thereby squeeze out the rights of the smaller unions. He referred particu-larly to Unions 90, 10 and 141, of New York city, and Union 97, of Boston, and 22, of Detroit, as the ones that are clamoring for the popular-vote system, because they know if they can secure such a change they can control the election of the officers of the international union because of their enor-

mous combined membership. Mr. Strasser's remarks were cheered very heartily, and when he took his seat the applause broke ont afresh, and was the most intense of any during the convention. His remarks were followed out on the same line by Moses De Costa, of Union 13, New York, who created quite a little stir in the southeast corner by charging that this discussion, which was cooked up by Union 90, was a cut-and-dried move of a lot of Socialists-nothing less-and that just so sure as the delegates allowed themselves to be wielded and influenced by these unions just so sure would the death-knell of the Cigar-makers' International Union, as a trade-union, be sounded.

UNION 90 ON ITS FEET. Several of the socialistic brethren in Union 90 jumped to their feet and called for a point of order, but the president refused to recognize the objection further than to admonish the speaker to confine himself as closely as possible to the merits of the question before the house. Mc-Carty, of Boston, followed with speech, in which he took exception to the reference of Mr. Strasser to Union 97, terming it insulting and outrageous. He

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, spoke in favor of a popular vote from a purely just and fair standpoint, provided it be carried out in the manner President Strasser favored, viz.: that the election be held on the same day all over the country, and that every member of the international union be compelled to vote or be fined, unless he be ill and receiving the sick benefits of the in-

ternational union. The debate was finally ended by a motion from Mr. Gempers to the effect that a vote be taken, the result of which shall dea popular vote. This was seconded and carried. The result of this vote was—yeas, 154; nays, 117. This practically settled the question. The result was read by yeas and nays, and the reading of the totals was the safely continue the career of prosperity | subject for great cheering. The 154 year were voted by 101 delegates; the 117 nays

by St delegates. President Strasser then appointed a committee of five to draw up rules for carrying | America. Dalton, Hatter, Bates House, is agent for Indiana, at his spacious residence on the election by popular vote. The com- the sole agent for Indianapolis. on College avenue. The meeting next year | mittee is as follows: Samuel Gompers, of New York: William H. Todd. of Toronto: J FURNITURE at Wm. L. Elder's.

William Neuroth, of Salt Lake City: J. Doberty, of Richmond, Va., and Charles Dold, of Aurora, N. Y. The condition of the tenement-house workers was taken up then and discussed by Fred Shafer, of New York.

Gompers and the Stablemen. President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has promised to address a meeting of the street-car brotherhood and stablemen on next Monday night. Their trouble last July is familiar to him, as he authorized the brother-hood charter to be rescinded, but afterward re-instated the organization. He is expected to give them some needed instruction in labor prin-ciples. The Laundry-girls' Union has also in-vited him to address them.

WANT DIVINE DYNAMITE.

Powerful Resolution on the Liquor Traffic by

the African Methodists. At the opening of the third day's session of the Indiana Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, in Bethel Church, yesterday morning, Presiding Elder Thompson asked for the transamendment offered at Thursday morning's | fer of H. H. Williamson to the West Kentucky Conference; but Bishop Brown said that Elder Williamson had left his work during the past year, and he wanted to know the reason. The presiding elder informed the conference that it was reported that Elder Williamson had conducted himself imprudently with women, and that because of these reports he became unacceptable to the church, and resigned his charge, and was relieved from the same by the presiding elder. The Bishop said that he could not give a transfer to a mirister unless he was in good standing, and recommended that the reports be referred to the judiciary committee to ascertain whether there is any foundation for the rumors that would justify the withholding of a transfer; and the matter was referred

Rev. George W. Prileau and Rev. John Dickerson, commissioners from the North Ohio Conference of the A. M. E. Church, asked, in the name of the body they represented, to have Greenville mission, Dark county, Ohio, left without an appointment by the Indiana Conference, so that it may be supplied by the North Ohio Conference, as it is within its boundaries. After an interchange of opinions it was resolved that the pastors of Eaton, O., and at Greenville, Ind., with the presiding elders of the two Ind., with the presiding elders of the two conferences, call a meeting of the members of Greenville church, and let them decide whether they will be connected with the Ohio or remain with the Indiana Conference. Upon the passage of this action the commissioners from the North Ohio Conference sent the following communication to the conference, reciting that they were sent only to ask the bishop and conference not to supply the Greenville mission, Dark county, Ohio, with a pastor, the incoming year, and as by resoville mission. Dark county, Ohio, with a pastor, the incoming year, and as by resolution the conference had decided to supply this church, they would leave the matter until the meeting of the next annual conference. Notice was given that a reconsideration of the action of the conference would be made. The committee on admissions reported that they had examined T. G. Hardiman, E. K. Manual, J. F. Pettiford, J. L. Craven, Wm. Kelley, Arthur W. Johnson and W. L. Bray, and found them sufficiently advanced in the course of studies to be admitted to the conference on trial, and they were admitted. J. W. Johnson, not having passed a satis-J. W. Johnson, not having passed a satis-factory examination, was not admitted. Hon. J. M. Townsend, a prominent mem-ber of the conference, being in attendance upon its session, took leave of it temporarily in an eloquent speech. During the de-livery of the speech Mr. Townsend seemed much affected, and the members of the conference were deeply moved by his impressive manner; and at its conclusion Elder Bass, one of the senior members, introduced a resolution giving Dr. Townsend the best wishes of the conference, and it

was adopted. Rev. S. T. Mitchell, D. D., president of Wilberforce University, the principal connectional institution of the church, was introduced, and Rev. W. J. Vigns, district superintendent of the American Bible Society, was introduced, and gave an interesting account of the work of that organization and canecially of its generosity in ization, and especially of its generosity in circulating Bibles among the people of the South. The report of the committee on temperance was adopted by a rising vote of the conference and the congregation. It says, in part:

The rum power is exerting all its energies to impede the success of the temperance cause. Millions of del are are being raised and corporations are being formed for the purpose of continuing the evil which has swallowed up more tinuing the evil which has swallowed up more fortunes, destroyed more homes, made more orphane, and sent more bodies to a drunkard's grave and more souls to hell than any traffic in this Christian land. We regret that there are so many persons who call themselves Christians who are encouraging this evil, by using beer and other liquors, in all of our cities and towns. Mothers and fathers, good church members, train their children to carry beer. The Bible says train up a child in the way that he should go, that is God's way; but they say the way to the saloon is my way. the saloon is my way.

There is another evil that goes hand in hand with this—the use of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes with this—the use of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and chewing gum. These are some of the little foxes that help to spoil the tender vines. John Brown's raid on Harper's Ferry in 1859 was a Bull Run of moral dynamite that shook the fabric of slavery to its base. Abraham Lincoln's emancipation proclamation in 1863 was a second charge that overthrew the system forever. The liquor traffic is strong in its iniquity; and nothing short of a prohibitory law enacted by the Congress of the United States is to be the dynamic that shall built its strong in the congress of the United States is to be the dynamic. mite that shall hoist it from its seat of power with an earthquake's shock. Every intrenched wickedness needs moral dynamite. No secret agencies are needed to administer it. Every fervent, effectual prayer, every earnestlyuttered gospel truth, every embodiment of right public opinion, of right legal decision, every energetic effort in behalf of social and moral or political reform will be a charge of moral dynamite. The want of the church and the world to-day is divine dynamite to shatter to pieces the places of wickedness, to tunnel these no intains of corruption, undermine the strongholds of Satan, and blow up the gates of hell. Oh, for the power, the excellency of the power of God that overcomes the world, the flesh and the devil, and brings mankind back to God, and makes this earth once more like the Garden of Eden, the residence of the holy and pure. Therefore, Resolved, That we, as ministers of the Lord Jesus Christ, will cry aloud and spare not till these evils shall be driven from our beloved

Yesterday afternoon Rev. T. E. Wilson preached the annual missionary sermon from Proverbs, xx, 1: "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging, and whosover is deceived thereby is not wise." It was an interesting and impressive temperance disbright young men of the conference. Last night there was a crowded congregation to participate in the Ladies' Mite Missionary Society, composed principally of preachers' wives and widows, and the women of the church. The meeting was gracefully presided over by Mrs. G. A. Ratliff, who in a few words stated the object of the organization was devoted to assist-ing African Methodist missionaries in for-eign fields. Rev. Morris Lewis, presiding elder of the Evansville district, made some encouraging remarks as to the object and efficiency of the society. The speech of the evening was made by Mrs. G. T. Thurman, of Jackson, Mich. Mrs. Zella Johnson, of Danville, addressed the audience effectually on the subject of missions. Mrs. Lilian Thomas recited the "Painter of Saville" with good effect. Rev. L. J. Coppin. D. D., of Philadelphia, made a happy period of the speeches by some practical remarks on the missionary efforts of the women in the good cause.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal In the proceedings of the Indiana A. M. E. Conference, as reported in the Journal of the 24th, I was very unjustly assaulted by the bishop and the Indiana Conference. I had written an article in the World on "Things I Can't Under-

Dr. Chavis Defends Himself.

stand," every word of which is true. I gained my information from more than a dozen sources. I did not say that anything upon which I wrote was right or wrong, but stated facts that I am not able to understand. I used no name or names in the article except my own, consequently no one is criticised in person. The present conference or offictary of this State has no more right to attack me than has the conference and officiary of Canada, England or Africa. I thing the present accusing ses-sion has saddled the guilt upon their own shoul-ders by becoming offended, and allowing their ire to burst forth. Why should they jump if not spurred. I have not a word of apology to offer for anything I have said or written, but shall stand by the truth to the end. WILLIAM CHAVIS, M. D. INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 25.

Miller's Celebrated Hats. Miller's New York hats for gentlem the best and most fashionable hat made in

Democratic Organs Fail to Print the Administration's Great Explanation.

Water Company's Imaginary New Filter-Claim that College Avenue Is Private Property-Municipal Miscellany.

Neither of the Democratic organs has published a word of the remarkable "explanation" of the Sullivan administration about that overdrawn pay-rolls fund. They have a sort of ostrich-like idea that they can keep the public in ignorance of the whole business. It has been simply a question with the Democratic managers as to whether more harm would be done their cause by this confession that money was transferred from one fund to another-which is distinctly forbidden by the charter-or by a continued refusal to show the books. One of the pay-rolls to which a Journal reporter obtained access had been doctored up by scratching from it the names of Shieer, Larkins and the rest of the sewer gang and a supplementary "sewer-repair pay-roll" had been put in. This sort of a pay-roll is something entirely new in the city government and was evidently devised to meet the occasion. When the estimates of the administration were sent to the Council on May 4, the estimate asked for sewers was intended for the construc-tion of sewers. When the first appropriation ordinance was made up there was doubt as to whether or not any appropria-tion at all should be made, and the city attorney was asked for a construction of the charter as to whether or not the city should bear any part of the expense of sewer-making. He replied that it must pay a portion on gen eral sewers, and his opinion was much crit icised. "It is my opinion." said the controller at the time, "that the city should pay no part of this expense. Mr. Bailey, however, is the city's legal adviser, and I

shall go by what he says." Therefore an appropriation for sewers was asked for. In ie estimates submitted a lew days ago a appropriation was asked for "for sewer repairs," another effort to legalize the scheme of paying part of the street commissioner's pay-rolls out of another fund. "This whole business," said a Democratic councilman in close sympathy with the administration, yesterday, "has been the most miserably mismanaged thing I ever saw. I told those people in the first place that it was foolish not to explain matters at once. They ought to have taken you in then and showed you just how the mixture had come about, instead of keeping the books closed.
The matter had to be explained in some way, and to make it now, two or three weeks late, it looks bad, and gives you people all the chance in the world to charge

that the accounts have been doctored in the meantime." "The Accuracy of Reporters," Vice-president Davis, of the Indianapolis Water Company, denies that the company is considering the step of putting in a Hyatt filter, or any other kind of filter, between the pumping station and the reservoir. When seen by a re-

porter for the Journal, Mr. Davis said: "There is not a word of truth in it." "Have you considered the scheme of putting in basins and supplying them with alum?" "That is equally untrue; never thought of such

"How about your reported acknowledgment to city chemist Peter Latz that your present filter was little less than a sieve, that only serves the ourpose of catching the more bulky and objec-ionable matter as it rushes in from the river!" "I never made any such remark, I assure you"
"Have you accepted Professor Van Nuys's
method, the same as is indersed by the United
States chemists at Washington?" was asked.

"No, sir."

"What about the employment of Dr. Hurty?"

"When Dr. Cook suggested that the water company employ a chemist to make an analysis, and that at the same time the Board of Health employ one for the same purpose, I communicated the suggestion to General Morris, president of the company. He wrote to Dr. Hurty, requesting him to make the analysis in behalf of the water company. Dr. Hurty never replied to that letter, so I went to him, personally, for an answer. This was not given in the pleasantest mood possible, for the Doctor was in a bad humor. He said the accusation had been made charging him with being in the employ of the water company. This was absolutely false, and he said that I knew it, and that furthermore he never wanted to be that furthermore he never wanted to be in our employ. I remonstrared with him, and urged that he reconsider the matter, saying that I believed him to be better fitted to perform the work than anybody I knew. Upon my persistent urging, Dr. Hurty said he would take the matter under advisement. The Board of Health selected Dr. Latz, and Dr. Potter will make the bactereological study, and the the three together will make the analysis."

Natural-Gas Rates. The trustees of the Gas Trust have given out the following letter: "The charge having been made and reiterated

from time to time that the Consumers' Gas Trust Company intends to force the use of meters by its consumers, and also that it is using its influence to have the present ordinance changed so that the price of gas will be raised, we deem it but just to the public and our company to say that such charges are utterly without foundation, and doubtless circulated by the same enemies of the Trust company that tried to revent its coming into life, and have ever since hrown obstacles in its way. "The Trust company owes its existence to the resent ordinance, and has sworn lovalty to it. t has not asked, nor does it intend to ask, a hange of the ordinance or a raise of the present

rates fixed by the ordinance. "T. A. MORRIS. "JOHN W. MURPHY, "HENRY SCHNULL, "JOHN H. HOLLIDAY.

The word of these men is accepted as true and will be generally believed. There will be no effort to change the ordinance while they remain n control of the Trust. Manager Lyman is nuoted as saying this: "The total capital stock paid up is \$602,000.
This belongs to 5,900 stockholders. Since the organization was formed not over \$32,000 of stock has changed bands." If Mr. Lyman is correctly quoted then a couple of brokers in the stock interviewed by a Journal

reporter some months are have missed their

guess by something over \$150,000. Is College Avenue Private Property. W. V. Rooker, representing James A. Bruce and wife, owning the property on both sides of College avenue between Sutherland and Bruce streets, objected before the Board of Public Works yesterday to the paving of the stretch described, unless gas and water pipes are first laid, and formal notice was filed that the assessment would not be paid. It was stated that the part of the street described had never been platted and was private property, and could not therefore be improved. It was explained by Mr. Rooker that if the gas and water pipes were first laid there would be no objection to the work. He was informed that the laying of gas and water mains had been ordered, but the order had not been complied with, and the street now being in

the hands of the contractor, it remained for him to say whether it should be torn up or not. Against Parking Christian Avenue. A remonstrance against the improvement of Christian avenue, from Central avenue to College avenue, with a grass plat in the center was presented to the Board of Public Works yesterday. signed by thirteen interested property-owners. The reasons advanced against the improvement in that manner were the constant expense of keeping it in repair and the fact that the grass plat could extend only over a part of two squares because of the set-off of the adjacent streets and

President Frenzel's Request. President Frenzel, of the Citizens street-railroad, yesterday asked the Board of Public Works that the asphalting of the corner of Virginia avenue and South streets be postponed until the viaduct is completed and the street-car company can run its tracks there and take up the line on south street. The matter was referred to the city attorney, because of complications that might arise in the collection of the assessments.

Municipal Notes. The building inspector was directed to remove from Lafayette street a five-room building owned Elizabeth and Daniel Mahoney were permitted to lay, at their own expense, a brick sidewalk in front of 1102 East Washington street. H. B. Smith was awarded the contract for the improvement of the east sidewalk on Oriole

street, from Lincoln Lane to the second alley north, at 45 cents a foot. Lucius B. Swift, for the purchasers of the tract immediately east of Crown Hill and north of Kenwood, asked for numerous vacations. They wish to vacate Tennessee street, three feet off of

Illinois street and fourteen feet off Mississippi street. The plat provided by the petitioners provides for a uniform system of streets as far

There was only one bidder for the construc-tion of the sewer on Illinois street, from Second to Seventh, and on Pennsylvania from Pratt to Second, and the board decided to readvertise. The contract for the improvement of West Market street, from the first alley east of Cruse street to a point 209 feet east, by curbing and bowldering, was let to Fulmer & Siebertat \$1.07

The time for the completion of the contract for the improvement of Pearl street, from Pennsylvania to Illinois, was extended to Nov. 30, because of interference with the work caused by the material for the new Commercial Club

Brought Back by Her Mother. Mrs. Breneman, of this city, last night returned from Crawfordsville, whither she went in search of her daughter Bertha, who is sixteen years of age, and recently ran away from home. She was formerly employed here as a waitress in a dry-goods store restaurant, and when she left, found employment at the Robbins House in Crawfordsville. She refused to accompany her mother home, and only consented when she found her mother could legally collect her wages. While waiting for the train in the hotel, the girl suddenly made a break for the door and down an alley, but was captured and returned to her mother by an officer.

Sabbath Convention. The Indiana State Sabbath Convention will be held in the Young Men's Christian Association Hall next Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 29 and 30. Rev. D. R. Lucas will officiate as chairman. Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, James P. Mills, field secretary, Rev. Mr. Cowan, Stanton J. Peelle, R. J. Wiley. Rev. Mr. Jennings and others will take part. The first meeting will occur Tuesday evening. The scriptural doctrine of the Subbath, the civil Sabbath, responsibility of the church for Sabbath desecration, and like questions will be discussed.

Dunlap's Celebrated Hats, At Seaton's Hat Store, 27 North Pennsylvania street.

Jacob Huber, Merchant Tailor, Has opened with a first-class stock of foreign and domestic woolens, at 85 East Washington street, where he cordially invites his old patrons and friends to come

B 4 U buy C and try the New Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 R. E. STEPHENS, Ag't, 19 Mass. Ave.

"BIG FOUR" ROUTE. Tickets will be sold to all principal points West, Northwest, Southwest and South, good to return for thirty days.

Call on "Big Four" agents for full infor-

No. 1 East Washington street. No. 138 South Illinois street Union Station, Indianapolis. H. M. Bronson, A. G. P. A.

Women will not fret, worry or repine, If they do their sewing with a Wheeler & Wilson No. 9. R. E. STEPHENS, Agt., 19 Mass. aye.

"BIG FOUR" ROUTE.

and estimates.

\$7.50 to St. Louis and Return on Account of the Veiled Prophets' Carnival. Exension tickets will be sold by the "Big Four" to St. Louis, Oct. 4, 5 and 6, good to return until Oct. 10, at \$7.50 for the round trip.
For further information call at "Big Four" offices: No. 1 East Washington street, No. 138 South Illinois street, Union Station, In-dianapolis. H. M. Bronson, A. G. P. A.

B 4 U buy, C and try the New Wheeler & Wilson, No. 9. R. E. STEPHENS, Ag't. 19 Mass. Ave.

REPUBLICAN TICKET. (City Election, Tuesday, Oct. 13.) For Mayor-WILLIAM W. HEROD. For City Clerk-HARRY B. SMITH. For Police Judge-GRANVILLE 8. WRIGHT. For Councilmen-at-large.

JOHN Q. BICKS, W. W. MCCREA, HENRY JAMESON, EDWARD H. DEAN, HENRY SWEETLAND, PHILIP REICHWEIN For Councilmen. First Ward-THOMAS B. LINN, Second Ward-JOHN R. ALLEN. Third Ward-ARCHIE A. YOUNG. Fourth Ward-JOHN PURYEAR.

Fifth Ward-EDWARD DUNN. Sixth Ward-W. H. COOPER. Seventh Ward-JOSEPH L. GASPER. Eighth Ward-CHARLES T. BISHOP. Ninth Ward-A. O. DESPO. Tenth Ward-JEREMIAH GRIFFIN. Eleventh Ward-JAMES SANDERS. Twelfth Ward-JACOB W. FIRESTINE. Thirteenth Ward-W. SINKS FERGUSON. Fourteenth Ward - GEORGE H. STIEGEL-

We are agents for Ætna Dynamite, which we furnish at manufacturer's prices. Also Fuse and Caps. Send for prices. We guarantee the quality. Also agents for Howe Standard and Champion Counter and Wagon Scales. Call and see our splendid assortment of Natural Gas goods, "Fenders," "'And Irons" in Brass and Wrought Steel.

Fifteenth Ward-AMER J. FUNK.

HILDEBRAND & FUGATE, 52 and 54 South Meridian street.

Souvenirs for Those Attending Reunions.

We would suggest to those attending Soldiers' Re unions, the State Fair, or any other gathering to come, and supply themselves with the only true souvenir of the city. This is one of the Souvenir Spoons with a fac simile of the SOLD ERS' and SAILORS' MONUMENT in the bowl and the State Seal on the handle. A photograph of the monument is presented with each spoon.

12E. Washington St. General agents Patek, Philippe & Co. and Vacheron & Constantin celebrated Swiss Watches.

COLUMBIA PLACE

Two and a half and five-acre lots, with fine trees and improved streets. The smallest lot will subdivide into eight lots each 50 by 220. Electric road to Fairview Park runsthrough the addition. These large acre lots are offered at \$1,500 on easy terms. One of these lots inclosed with a wire fence, and set out with fruit trees and shrubs, will make more money than the same amount of money invested anywhere else in the JNO. S. SPANN & CO., 86 East Market street.

By THE DUCHESS,

Just out. Sent post-paid on receipt of price.

CATHCART, CLELAND & CO., 26 E. Washington Street, INDIANAPOLIS - - - INDIANA

COME-UPTION.

A Thrilling Story of the Demopublican Party.

Found only in the

OF SEPT. 27.

-IN FIVE DAYS IN-Go out to-day and make your selection.

C. H. & E. J. RICKERT

56 East Market Street.

Second Floor.

BUSINESS! FOR

The State Fair has come and and gone, and our thoughts will again fly to the decorating of our homes. Our advice is short, sweet and to the point. Consult

You need go no further, for without question he has the finest stock of Carpets, Draperies and Wall-Papers. Workmen that are artists in their profession and Salesmen that are capable of suggesting the most happy effects to be obstained. ROLL cordially invites you to come to him for suggestions

30 to 38 SOUTH ILLINOIS STREET.

5c CIGAR

Has been on the market for some time, and has proven to be an honest, reliable goods. Though high-priced, the dealer can sell you THE LELAND for 5 cents apiece and make a fair profit, but do not expect six for a quarter.

THE WM. DONEY CIGAR CO.

FIRST PREMIUM.

Put it to vote and let the people decide, and the blue ribbon would be pinned upon

KINGAN'S PORK PRODUCTS

As the purest and best to be found in all this broad land. They would vote that way because they know of the special care taken in its preparation for the market. Insist on having

KINGAN'S.

For Party and Opera, in Ostrich Feather and Gauze, handsomely decorated with Ivory, Shell, Pearl, Bone and Fancy Wood sticks.

MAYER CHARLES 29 and 31 West Washington Street.

BEDROOM SETS

Our own importation.

I have just received another large invoice of new patterns in Oak Bedroom Sets, in the different finishes, and can, without doubt, show the greatest variety of these goods in the State of Indiana. The dressers and washstands are large, the mirrors are large and the beds very wide. The prices are far below anything I have ever been able to o fer. I can show a handsome maple set for \$15, an elegant Oak set for \$25, and a set with a very large French mirror, 36-inch washstand and an extra heavy bed at \$50. I have 63 patterns on the floor to-day to select from. Call and see

WM. L. ELDER, 43 AND 45 SOUTH MERIDIAN ST. LILLY & STALNAKER BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Estimates turnished on application. We have a nice line of samples to show 64 East Washington street. DIRECTORS. FUNERAL 72 North

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Carpets: All the best and most approved makes. Many special patterns carried exclusively by this house and sold by no other establishment in this territory.

Wall-paper Decorations: This house has for many yearshad the merited distinction of leading in all this line of decorations. The most skillful and artistic workmen employed.

Draperies:

In draperies no more elegant line of silk curtains can be shown than this house now exhibits. In Lace Curtains, the richest ever brought to this city. All prices from the cheapest to the costliest.

TINCIU 17 and 19 WEST WASHINGTON ST.

Agency S. C. Johnson's Parquetry Flooring and Borders. Estimates furnished.